Sec. 25. NEW SECTION. 330B.26 SUPREMACY OF COMPACT.

The provisions of this division II are subject to all of the provisions of the quad cities interstate metropolitan authority compact provided for in section 330B.1.

Sec. 26. EFFECTIVE DATE. This Act, being deemed of immediate importance, takes effect upon enactment.

Approved May 22, 1991

## CHAPTER 199

VETERANS OF PERSIAN GULF CONFLICT H.F. 694

AN ACT including veterans of the Persian Gulf Conflict as veterans eligible to serve on county commissions of veteran affairs, to receive certain veterans benefits, and to be eligible for a property tax exemption, and providing an effective date.

Be It Enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Iowa:

Section 1. Section 250.3, Code 1991, is amended to read as follows: 250.3 COUNTY COMMISSION OF VETERAN AFFAIRS.

The county commission of veteran affairs shall consist of three persons, all of whom shall be honorably discharged persons who served in the military or naval forces of the United States in any war, including World War I at any time between April 6, 1917, and November 11, 1918, both dates inclusive; World War II at any time between December 7, 1941, and December 31, 1946, both dates inclusive; the Korean Conflict at any time between June 25, 1950, and January 31, 1955, both dates inclusive; and the Vietnam Conflict at any time between December 22, 1961, and May 7, 1975, both dates inclusive; and the Persian Gulf Conflict at any time between August 2, 1990, and the date the president or the congress of the United States declares a permanent cessation of hostilities, both dates inclusive. However, if congress enacts a date different from August 2, 1990, as the beginning of the Persian Gulf Conflict for purposes of determining whether a veteran is entitled to receive military benefits as a veteran of the Persian Gulf Conflict, that date shall be substituted for August 2, 1990. If possible, each member of the commission shall be a veteran of a different war or conflict, so as to divide membership among the persons who served in World War I, World War II, the Korean Conflict, and the Vietnam Conflict, and the Persian Gulf Conflict; however, this qualification does not preclude membership to a veteran who served in more than one of the wars or conflicts.

Sec. 2. Section 250.13, Code 1991, is amended to read as follows: 250.13 BURIAL — EXPENSES.

The commission is responsible for the interment in a suitable cemetery of the bodies of any honorably discharged person who served in the military or naval forces of the United States during any war, including World War I at any time between April 6, 1917, and November 11, 1918, both dates inclusive; World War II at any time between December 7, 1941, and December 31, 1946, both dates inclusive; the Korean Conflict at any time between June 25, 1950, and January 31, 1955, both dates inclusive; and the Vietnam Conflict at any time between December 22, 1961, and May 7, 1975, both dates inclusive; and the Persian Gulf Conflict at any time between August 2, 1990, and the date the president or the congress of the United States declares a permanent cessation of hostilities, both dates inclusive; or the spouse, surviving spouse, or child of the person, if the person has died without leaving sufficient means to defray the funeral expenses. However, if congress enacts a date different from August 2, 1990, as the beginning

of the Persian Gulf Conflict for purposes of determining whether a veteran is entitled to receive military benefits as a veteran of the Persian Gulf Conflict, that date shall be substituted for August 2, 1990. The commission may pay the expenses in a sum not exceeding an amount established by the board of supervisors.

Sec. 3. Section 250.14, unnumbered paragraph 1, Code 1991, is amended to read as follows: The board of supervisors of each county may appropriate moneys for the benefit of, and to pay the funeral expenses of honorably discharged, indigent persons who served in the military or naval forces of the United States in any war including World War I at any time between April 6, 1917, and November 11, 1918, both dates inclusive; World War II at any time between December 7, 1941, and December 31, 1946, both dates inclusive; the Korean Conflict at any time between June 25, 1950, and January 31, 1955, both dates inclusive; and the Vietnam Conflict at any time between December 22, 1961, and May 7, 1975, both dates inclusive; and the Persian Gulf Conflict at any time between August 2, 1990, and the date the president or the congress of the United States declares a permanent cessation of hostilities, both dates inclusive; and their indigent spouses, surviving spouses, and minor children not over eighteen years of age, having a legal residence in the county. However, if congress enacts a date different from August 2, 1990, as the beginning of the Persian Gulf Conflict for purposes of determining whether a veteran is entitled to receive military benefits as a veteran of the Persian Gulf Conflict, that date shall be substituted for August 2, 1990.

Sec. 4. Section 250.16, Code 1991, is amended to read as follows: 250.16 MARKERS FOR GRAVES.

The county commission of veteran affairs may furnish a suitable and appropriate metal marker, at a cost not exceeding fifteen dollars each, for the grave of each honorably discharged person, who served in the military or naval forces of the United States during any war, including World War I at any time between April 6, 1917, and November 11, 1918, both dates inclusive; World War II at any time between December 7, 1941, and December 31, 1946, both dates inclusive; the Korean Conflict at any time between June 25, 1950, and January 31, 1955, both dates inclusive; and the Vietnam Conflict at any time between December 22, 1961, and May 7, 1975, both dates inclusive; and the Persian Gulf Conflict at any time between August 2, 1990, and the date the president or the congress of the United States declares a permanent cessation of hostilities, both dates inclusive; and who is buried within the limits of the county, to be placed at the individual's grave to permanently mark and designate the grave for memorial purposes. The expenses shall be paid from any funds raised as provided in this chapter. If congress enacts a date different from August 2, 1990, as the beginning of the Persian Gulf Conflict for purposes of determining whether a veteran is entitled to receive military benefits as a veteran of the Persian Gulf Conflict, that date shall be substituted for August 2, 1990.

Sec. 5. Section 427.3, subsection 4, Code 1991, is amended to read as follows:

4. The property, not to exceed one thousand eight hundred fifty-two dollars in taxable value of an honorably separated, retired, furloughed to a reserve, placed on inactive status, or discharged soldier, sailor, marine, or nurse of the second World War from December 7, 1941, to December 31, 1946, army of occupation in Germany from November 12, 1918, to July 11, 1923, American expeditionary forces in Siberia from November 12, 1918, to April 30, 1920, second Nicaraguan campaign with the navy or marines in Nicaragua or on combatant ships 1926-1933, second Haitian suppression of insurrections 1919-1920, navy and marine operations in China 1937-1939 and Yangtze service with navy and marines in Shanghai or in the Yangtze Valley 1926-1927 and 1930-1932 or of the Korean Conflict at any time between June 25, 1950, and January 31, 1955, both dates inclusive, or those who served on active duty during the Vietnam Conflict beginning December 22, 1961, and ending May 7, 1975, both dates inclusive, or those who served on active duty during the Persian Gulf Conflict at any time between August 2, 1990, and the date the president or the congress of the United States declares a permanent cessation of hostilities, both dates inclusive. However, if congress enacts a date different from August 2, 1990, as the beginning of the Persian Gulf Conflict for purposes of determining whether

a veteran is entitled to receive military benefits as a veteran of the Persian Gulf Conflict, that date shall be substituted for August 2, 1990. For the purposes of this section, "active duty" means full-time duty in the armed forces of the United States, excluding active duty for training purposes only and excluding any period a person was assigned by the armed forces to a civilian institution for a course of education or training which was substantially the same as established courses offered to civilians, or as a cadet or midshipman, however enrolled, at one of the service academies.

Sec. 6. This Act, being deemed of immediate importance, takes effect upon enactment.

Approved May 22, 1991

## CHAPTER 200

SCHOOL INSTRUCTION AND ATTENDANCE - TRUANCY H.F. 455

AN ACT relating to school instruction and attendance of children of compulsory school attendance age and providing for mediation of truancy issues and penalties.

Be It Enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Iowa:

Section 1. Section 280.2, Code 1991, is amended to read as follows: 280.2 DEFINITIONS.

The term "public school" means any school directly supported in whole or in part by taxation. The term "nonpublic school" means any other school which is accredited or which uses licensed practitioners as instructors.

Sec. 2. Section 280.3, unnumbered paragraph 1, Code 1991, is amended to read as follows: The board of directors of each public school district and the authorities in charge of each nonpublic school shall prescribe the minimum educational program and an attendance policy which shall require each child to attend school for at least one hundred forty-eight days, to be met by attendance for at least thirty-seven days each school quarter, for the schools under their jurisdictions. The minimum educational program shall be the curriculum set forth in section 256.11, except as otherwise provided by law. The board of directors of a public school district shall not allow discrimination in any educational program on the basis of race, color, creed, sex, marital status or place of national origin.

Sec. 3. Section 299.1, Code 1991, is amended to read as follows: 299.1 ATTENDANCE REQUIREMENTS.

The Except as provided in section 299.2, the parent, guardian, or legal or actual custodian of a child who is over seven and under sixteen years of age by September 15, in proper physical and mental condition to attend school is of compulsory attendance age, shall enroll cause the child in to attend some public school, commencing as provided an accredited nonpublic school, or competent private instruction in accordance with the provisions of chapter 299B, during a school year, as defined under section 279.10. The board of directors of a public school district or the governing body of an accredited nonpublic school shall set the number of days of required attendance for the schools under its control.

The board of directors of a public or the governing body of an accredited nonpublic school may, by resolution, require attendance in the public schools for the entire time when the schools are in session in any school year and adopt a policy or rules relating to the reasons considered to be valid or acceptable excuses for absence from school.